(a) the estimated annual demand for colour T.V. tubes in India;

(b) the names of the companies manufacturing Colour Television Tubes in India; and

(c) the licenced capacity and the existing production of each company?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PENSIONS (SHRIMATI MARGARET ALVA): (a) The estimated annual demand for 1991 for colour TV tubes in India is 1.1 million nos.

(b) and (c). The names of the companies manufacturing colour TV tubes and their licenced production capacity are given below:-

Sl. No.	*Name of the Firm*	*Licenced Production capacity (lakh nos. per annum).*
1.	M/s JCT Electronics Ltd.	5
2.	M/s Uptron Colour Picture Tubes Ltd.	7.5
3.	M/s Samtel Colour Ltd.	5

Additional Allotment of Essential Commodities to Bihar

5624. SHRI GEORGE FERNANDES: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government have received a representation from the Bihar Government seeking additional allotment of wheat, rice, sugar, kerosene, cooking gas, edible oil, coal and diesel;

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) the action taken by the Government thereon?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CIVIL SUPPLIES AND PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION (SHRI KAMALUDDIN AHMED): (a) to (c). In a recent communication Government of Bihar has requested for additional release of 13000 tonnes of wheat and 7000 tonnes of rice for August, 1991. The Central Government has allotted 7000 tonnes of rice to the State for August, 1991.

Additional requirements of essential commodities is considered by the Central Government depending on the stocks in Central Pool, demand from various States and inter-se requirements of different States.

All allocations by the Central Government for supply through Public Distribution System are supplemental in nature and are not meant to meet the additional requirement of the State.

Allocations of levy sugar is based on uniform norm of 425 gms. per capital monthly availability for the projected population as on 1.10.1986. The Central Government has, however, decided to release of 5% ad-hoc allocation of levy sugar to the State Governments/UT Administrations from August, 1991, till December, 1991, after which the position will be reviewed.

Allocation of kerosene is made by giving a suitable growth rate over the allocation in the corresponding period in the previous year. The increase in allocation of kerosene depends on release of foreign exchange for import of kerosene.

No regular monthly allocation of imported edible oil to States/UTs has been made after March, 1991, due to lack of imports.

Expansion-Cum-Modernisation of N. O. C. I. L.

5625. SHRI MOHAN RAWLE: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether the expansion-cum-modernisation scheme of National Organic Chemicals Industries Ltd. (NOCIL) at Thane-Belapur Complex in Maharashtra has been sanctioned;

(b) if so, the details thereof and when the work on the project is to be started;

(c) the details of various conditions to be fulfilled by the NOCIL before starting the work on the project;

(d) whether the Arvind Mafatlal Group has been permitted to increase the capacity of ethylene from 63,000 tonnes per annum to 3,00,000 tonnes per annum and propylene from 37,000 tpa to 1,40,000 tpa; and

(e) if so, the conditions laid down therefor before the work on the expansion project is started?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS (DR. CHINTA MOHAN): (a) to (e). Under its expansion cum modernisation scheme, NOCIL, a company of Arvind Mafatlal Group has been granted a letter of intent on 16.11.89 for expansion of, capacity of its Naphtha Cracker Complex at Thane Belapur Road in Maharashtra from its present level of 63,000 TPA to 3,00,000 TPA of Othylene and 37,000 TPA to 1,40,000 TPA of propylene.

Apart from the standard conditions, the following specific conditions have inter alia been incorporated in the letter of intent:-

(i) The company shall obtain a confirmation from the State Director of Industries to the effect that the site of the project has been approved from the environmental angle by the competent State Authority.

(ii) The company shall not approach the financial institutions for capital requirements but there could be no objection to raising funds from the capital market subject to necessary approvals.

(iii) The company will finance its foreign exchange requirements for import fo capital goods, import of know-how, servicing of foreign equity, foreign loan and import of feed stock, if any, through foreign exchange obtained by way of foreign equity participation NRI equity on non-repatriable basis, commercial borrowings as may be permitted by Govt. according to financing plan that may be permitted by Govt. according to financing plan that may be approved, for which